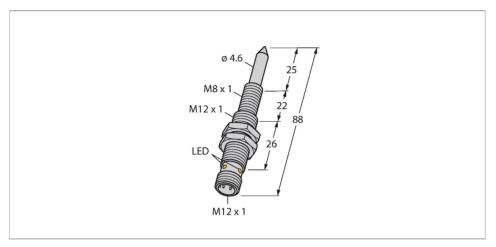


NIMFE-M12/4.6L88-UP6X-H1141 Magnetic Field Sensor For Detection of Ferromagnetic Parts





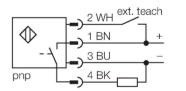
Type	NIMFE-M12/4.6L88-UP6X-H1141
Ident. no.	1600608
Ambient temperature	-25+70 °C
Operating voltage	1030 VDC
Residual ripple	≤ 10 % U _{ss}
DC rated operational current	≤ 200 mA
No-load current	≤ 15 mA
Residual current	≤ 0.1 mA
Isolation test voltage	≤ 0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes / Cyclic
Voltage drop at I _e	≤ 1 V
Wire breakage/Reverse polarity protection	yes / Complete
Output function	3-wire, Connection programmable, PNP
Design	Threaded barrel, M12 × 1
Dimensions	88 mm
Housing material	Metal, CuZn, Chrome-plated
Active area material	Metal, CuZn, chrome-plated
Max. tightening torque of housing nut	10 Nm
EL C. L. C.	Connector, M12 × 1
Electrical connection	Connector, wriz * i
Vibration resistance	55 Hz (1 mm)
Vibration resistance	55 Hz (1 mm)



Features

- ■Threaded barrel, M12/M8
- Chrome-plated brass
- ■DC 3-wire, 10...30 VDC
- ■NC/NO parametrizable with teach adapter VB2-SP1
- ■M12 x 1 male connector

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

The weld sensors are available in different versions, with different signal intensities and diameters. Ferromagnetic parts which differ strongly in their material properties and diameters can thus be detected. A target part has to be located within the so called sensitive area in order to be detected. The internal sensor signal reaches the maximum intensity if the sensitive area is completely covered by the target. Partial coverage is also possible.

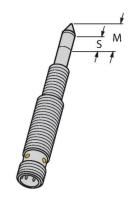
Sensitive area S = 9 mm Within this area the sensor signal changes when components are connected.

Maximum range M = 13 mm In case of complete coverage of the sensitive area the maximum signal intensity is achieved.

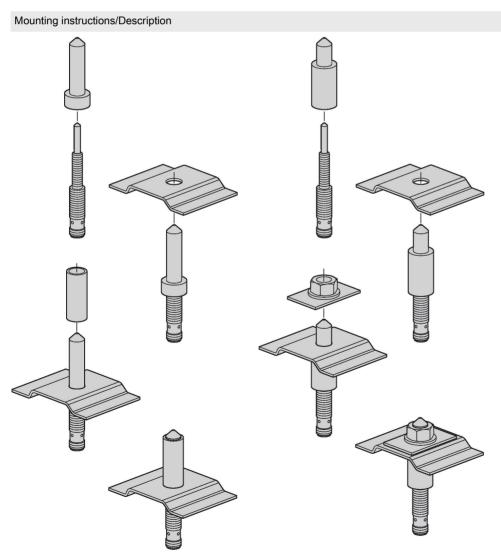


Technical data

MTTF	874 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Switching state	LED, Yellow



Mounting instructions



The magnetic field sensor is especially suited for the detection of welding nuts as well as spacer or reinforcing sleeves. The parts to be detected must always consist of ferromagnetic material, so that a proper function can be guaranteed. Most applications need center bolts to tack the welding nuts and reinforcing sleeves in place and thus provide mechanical protection of the sensors. Theses bolts have to be made of non-ferromagnetic material, like stainless steel for example. Center bolts are not available at Turck, as these have to be individually produced for and adjusted to the correspondent application.

The welding nut sensor detects ferritic targets with diameters between 6 mm and 12 mm.

6901321 Mounting clamp for smooth and threaded barrel sensors; material: Polypropylene

