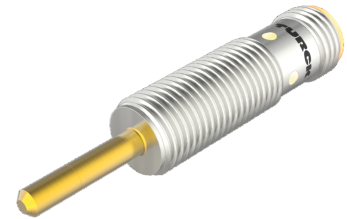
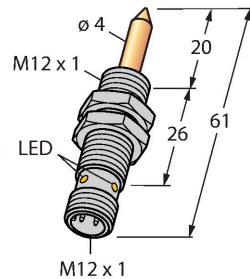


NIMFE-EM12/4.0L61-UP6X-H1141/S1182 Magnetic Field Sensor – With TIN Coating For Detection of Ferromagnetic Parts



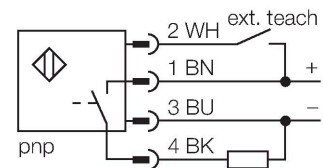
Technical data

Type	NIMFE-EM12/4.0L61-UP6X-H1141/S1182
Ident. no.	1600621
Remark to product	Optimized for the detection of weld nuts of the size of M5 to M10
Special version	S1182 corresponds to: TIN coating
Ambient temperature	-25...+70 °C
Operating voltage	10...30 VDC
Residual ripple	≤ 10 % U _{ss}
DC rated operational current	≤ 100 mA
No-load current	≤ 15 mA
Residual current	≤ 0.1 mA
Isolation test voltage	≤ 0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes / Cyclic
Voltage drop at I _a	≤ 1 V
Wire breakage/Reverse polarity protection	yes / Complete
Output function	3-wire, Connection programmable, PNP
Design	Threaded barrel, M12 × 1
Dimensions	61 mm
Housing material	Stainless steel, 1.4301 (AISI 304)
Active area material	Stainless steel, 1.4301 (AISI 304), TIN coating
Max. tightening torque of housing nut	10 Nm
Electrical connection	Connector, M12 × 1

Features

- Threaded barrel, M12 x 1
- Stainless steel, 1.4301
- DC 3-wire, 10...30 VDC
- NC/NO parametrizable with teach adapter VB2-SP1
- M12 x 1 male connector

Wiring diagram

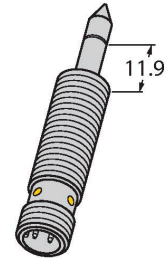


Functional principle

The weld sensors are available in different versions, with different signal intensities and diameters. Ferromagnetic parts which differ strongly in their material properties and diameters can thus be detected. A component to be detected must be located within the so-called optimal sensitive area in order to be detected. This optimal sensitive area has a width of 0.5 mm and is laser-engraved on the tip of the probe, 11.9 mm above of the M12 thread.

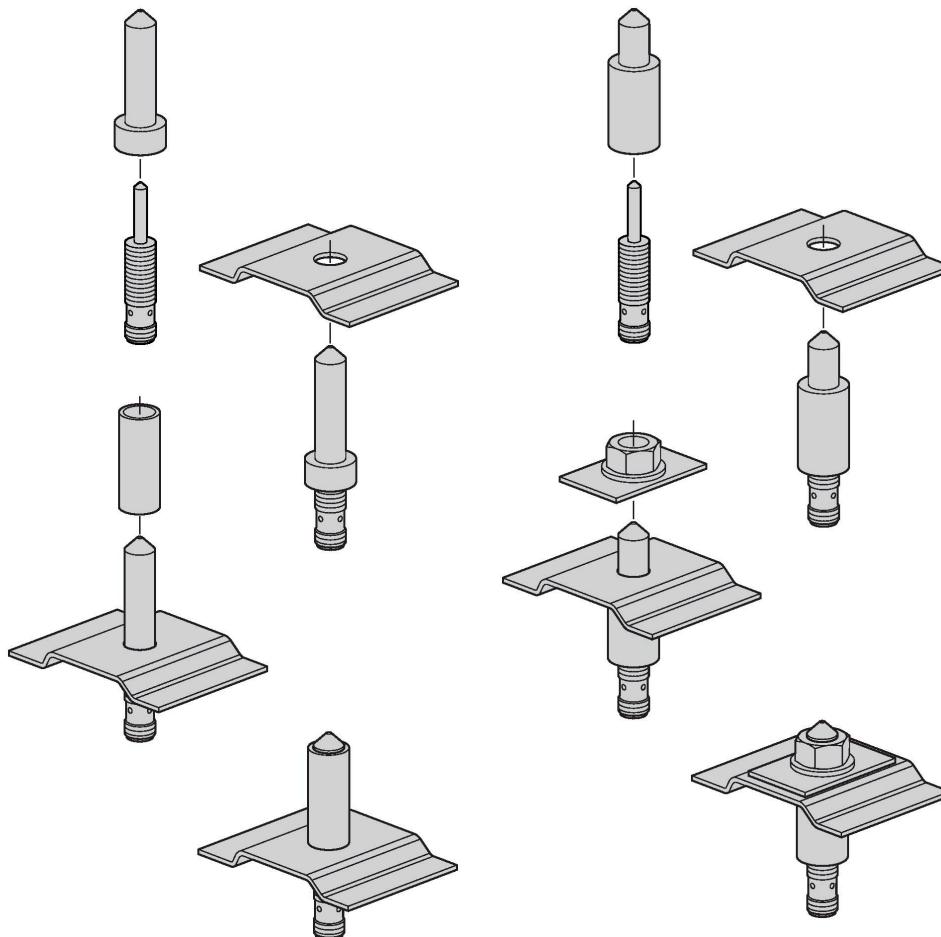
Technical data

Vibration resistance	55 Hz (1 mm)
Shock resistance	30 g (11 ms)
Protection class	IP67
MTTF	874 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Switching state	LED, Yellow



Mounting instructions

Mounting instructions/Description



The magnetic field sensor for detection of ferromagnetic spares is especially suited for the detection of welding nuts as well as spacer or reinforcing sleeves. The parts to be detected must always consist of ferromagnetic material, so that a proper function can be guaranteed. Most applications need center bolts to tack the welding nuts and reinforcing sleeves in place and thus provide mechanical protection of the sensors. These bolts must be made of non-ferromagnetic material, like stainless steel for example. Center bolts are not available at Turck, as these have to be individually produced for and adjusted to the correspondent application.

